
NAME

FAStrGen.pl - Generate structures for Fatty Acyls (FA)

SYNOPSIS

FAStrGen.pl FAAbbrev|FAAbbrevFileName ...

FAStrGen.pl [-h, --help] [-o, --overwrite] [-r, --root rootname] [-w, --workingdir dirname] <arguments>...

DESCRIPTION

Generate Fatty Acyls (FA) structures using compound abbreviations specified on a command line or in a CSV/TSV Text file. All the command line arguments represent either compound abbreviations or file name containing abbreviations. Use mode option to control the type of command line arguments.

A SD file, containing structures for all SP abbreviations along with ontological information, is generated as an output.

SUPPORTED ABBREVIATIONS

Current support for FA structure generation include these main classes and sub classes:

o Fatty Acids and Conjugates

- . Straight chain fatty acids
- . Methyl branched fatty acids
- . Unsaturated fatty acids
- . Hydroperoxy fatty acids
- . Hydroxy fatty acids
- . Oxo fatty acids
- . Epoxy fatty acids
- . Methoxy fatty acids
- . Halogenated fatty acids
- . Amino fatty acids
- . Cyano fatty acids
- . Nitro fatty acids
- . Thia fatty acids

o Eicosanoids

- . Prostaglandins

o Fatty alcohols

o Fatty aldehydes

o Fatty amides

- . Primary amides

OPTIONS

-h, --help

Print this help message

-m, --mode *Abbrev|AbbrevFileName*

Controls interpretation of command line arguments. Two different methods are provided: specify compound abbreviations or a file name containing compound abbreviations. Possible values: *Abbrev* or *AbbrevFileName*. Default: *Abbrev*

In *AbbrevFileName* mode, a single line in CSV/TSV files can contain multiple compound abbreviations. The file extension determines delimiter used to process data lines: comma for CSV and tab for TSV. For files with TXT extension, only one compound abbreviation per line is allowed.

Wild card character, *, is also supported in compound abbreviations to generate straight chain and unsaturated fatty acids.

Examples:

```
Specific structures: "18:0" "20:4(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)"
                   "28:1(12Z)(2Me,4Me,6Me)"
                   "18:3(6Z,9Z,11E)(13OOH[S])"
                   "18:2(9E,11E)(13OH)"
                   "18:1(10E)(9Ke,10Ep)"
                   "16:1(5Z)(2OMe)" "7:1(2Z)(3Br)"
                   "18:2(9Z,12Z)(10NO2)" "16:2(10E,12Z)(1OH)"
                   "6:0(1CHO)" "12:0(1NH2)"
```

```
"20:2(5Z,13E)(9OH[S],11OH[R],15OH[S]){8a,12b}"
```

```
All possibilities: **: * or *
```

With wild card character, +/- can also be used for chain lengths to indicate even and odd lengths; additionally > and < qualifiers are also allowed to specify length requirements.

Examples:

```
Odd number chains: "*-: *"
Even number chains: "**+: *"
Odd number chains with chain length longer than 18: "*->18: *"
Even number chains with chain length longer than 14: "**+>14: *"
```

-o, --overwrite

Overwrite existing files

-r, --root *rootname*

New file name is generated using the root: <Root>.sdf. Default for new file names: FAAbbrev.sdf, <AbbrevFileName>.sdf, or <FirstAbbrevFileName>1To<Count>.sdf.

-w, --workingdir *dirname*

Location of working directory. Default: current directory

EXAMPLES

On some systems, command line scripts may need to be invoked using *perl -s FAStrGen.pl*; however, all the examples assume direct invocation of command line script works.

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for straight chain fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "18:0" "9:0"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for methyl branched fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "8:0(6Me)" "18:1(6Z)(17Me)"
"28:1(12Z)(2Me,4Me,6Me)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for unsaturated fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "20:4(5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z)" "8:1(5E)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for hydroperoxy fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "18:2(9E,11E)(13OOH)"  
"18:3(6Z,9Z,11E)(13OOH[S])"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for hydroxy fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "10:0(10OH)" "15:0(2OH,15OH)"  
"18:2(9E,11E)(13OH)" "4:0(3OH[R])"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for oxo fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "10:0(2Ke)" "18:1(10E)(9Ke,10Ep)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for epoxy fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "18:0(6Ep)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for methoxy fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "18:1(9E)(12OH,13OH,11OMe)"  
"16:1(5Z)(2OMe)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for halogenated fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "7:1(2Z)(3Br)" "26:2(5Z,9Z)(2Br)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for amino fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "13:0(2NH2[S])" "4:0(2NH2,4CN)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for Cyano fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "4:0(4CN)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for nitro fatty acids, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "18:2(9Z,12Z)(10NO2)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for prostaglanins, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "20:2(5Z,13E)(9OH[S],11OH[R],  
15OH[S]){8a,12b}"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA

abbreviation for fatty alcohols, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "26:0(1OH)" "16:2(10E,12Z)(1OH)"  
"11:0(1OH,2Me,2Me,9Me,9Me,10OH)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for fatty aldehydes, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "6:0(1CHO)" "16:2(2E,4E)(1CHO,6OH)"
```

To generate a FAStructures.sdf file containing a structure specified by a command line FA abbreviation for primary amides, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "12:0(1NH2)"
```

To enumerate straight chain and unsaturated fatty acids with commonly occurring chain lengths and generate FAStructures.sdf file, type:

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r FAStructures -o "*"
```

or

```
% FAStrGen.pl -r SPStructures -o "*:*"
```

AUTHOR

Manish Sud

CONTRIBUTOR

Eoin Fahy

SEE ALSO

CLStrGen.pl, GLStrGen.pl, GPStrGen.pl, SPStrGen.pl, STStrGen.pl

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